


What Is Evidence-Based Practice for Environmental Flow Programs?

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eWater CRC - EcoEvidence Tools

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MDBA – Scoping Study for Evidence Based Practice in Env Water Planning


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Vic Env Flow Mon & Asses Prog (VEFMAP)

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ARC Linkage Project – Novel Approaches to Env Flow M&E

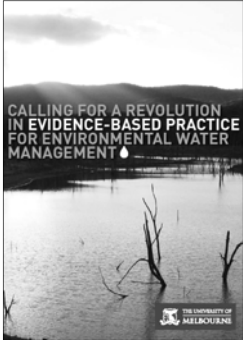

- DSE, MDBA, Melb Water, Vic CMA's, SKM, Env Evidence Aust, Colorado State Uni



Key Messages


- We can learn from evidence-based practice in the medical sciences
- There is a big opportunity to improve evidence-based practice for environmental water programs
- To progress this we need...
 - Standards,
 - Tools, and
 - Case studies.

We need You!

The Need


Billions of dollars is being spent on environmental water in the MDB



Changes to the Water Act

Total – Human – Environmental Flow

- BUT...
 - Ability to challenge allocations
 - Onus on researchers to determine defensible environmental allocations

Evidence-Based Practice

Resources are limited so they should be invested in actions previously shown to be effective

Systematic reviews are a key tool for EBP

- Problem formulation
- Design and document the review procedure
- Conduct review
- Structured synthesis of knowledge
- Reporting

THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE Arguments for shifting to evidence-based practice

- Improve effectiveness
 - through better use of research
- Provide an updateable knowledge base
 - for future decision support
- Underpin accountability and auditability
- Demonstrate compliance
 - with regulatory obligations to gather relevant information, canvass and manage risks and in doing so, avoid liability

THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE How much evidence is there?

Year	Number of Articles
87	10
88	15
89	20
90	25
91	30
92	35
93	40
94	45
95	50
96	55
97	60
98	65
99	70
00	75
01	80
02	85
03	90
04	95
05	100
06	105
07	110
08	115
09	120

- Lack of knowledge no longer a viable excuse
- But we still lack well-established techniques for synthesizing this knowledge

THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE International Evidence Exchange

- 'merge' databases
 - Devise standards
 - Develop exchange architecture
 - Business models for sustainability
- Reduce burden of evidence extraction
 - Instant tripling of size
 - Natural Language Processing (NLP)
 - Peer Production
 - Public resource

THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE Tools for Evidence-Based Practice

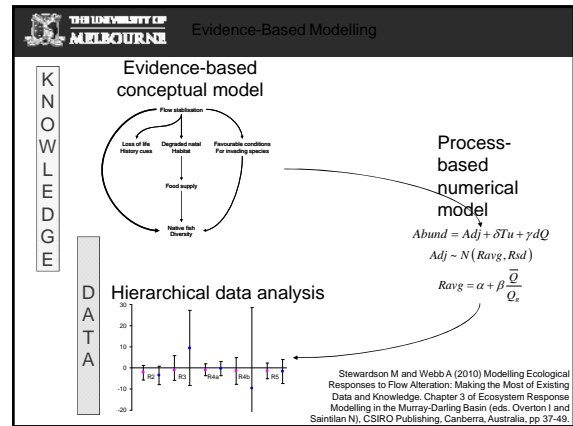
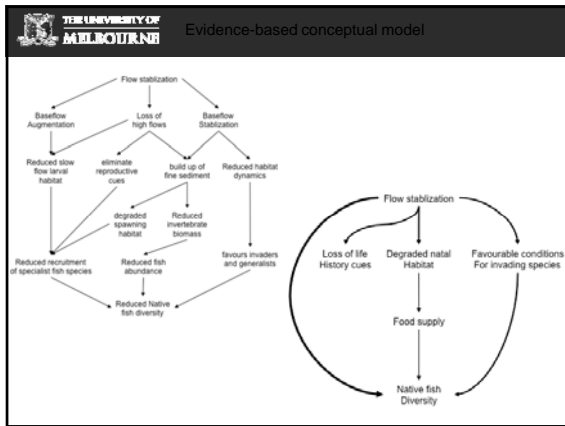
- Problem Formulation
 - Set question
 - Develop conceptual model
- Gather Evidence
 - Systematic literature search
 - Extract evidence
 - Nature of response
 - Study quality (Design & Replication)
- Synthesize Evidence
 - Collate evidence for individual hypotheses
 - Weight by study quality
 - Combine evidence
 - Reach a conclusion
- Reporting and Dissemination

THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE How does it work

- Evidence Synthesis based on Poff and Zimmerman (2010) review
- What is the effect of flow alteration on rivers?

THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE Evidence Synthesis

Response to change in flow magnitude	Causal Analysis evidence weight			Conclusion
	Supporting	Dose-Response	Not supporting	
Fish Assemblage	40	34	6	Support for Effect
Fish Abundance	75	70	14	Support for Effect
Fish Reproduction	12	6	6	Insufficient Evidence
Fish Diversity	49	33	9	Support for Effect
Fish Behavior	0	0	6	Insufficient Evidence
Fish Competition	6	6	0	Insufficient Evidence



The Way Forward

- Standards
 - What is and what is not evidence-based practice
 - Who should set these
- Tools
 - eWater CRC
 - International evidence exchange
- Case Studies
 - Cooperative effort
 - Adapt methods to specific cases
 - Demonstrate value

Contact us if you want to discuss this further!

CALLING FOR A REVOLUTION IN EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL WATER MANAGEMENT